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Consultation Questions

The answer boxes will expand as you type.

Procuring rail passenger services

1. What are the merits of offering the ScotRail franchise as a dual focus franchise and what services should be covered by the economic rail element, and what by the social rail element?

Q1 comments:Rail services are a public good - that is an important economic aspect - so why separate the elements in the first place?.

2. What should be the length of the contract for future franchises, and what factors lead you to this view?

Q2 comments: Franchisees should have to fulfil certain requirements, e.g. modernising rolling stock or providing better WiFi reception, on which the length of lease could depend - in other words, a modernisation timetable should be part of the franchise agreement. That's not for me to negotiate.

3. What risk support mechanism should be reflected within the franchise?

Q3 comments:

4. What, if any, profit share mechanism should apply within the franchise?

Q4 comments:

5. Under what terms should third parties be involved in the operation of passenger rail services?

Q5 comments:

6. What is the best way to structure and incentivise the achievement of outcome measures whilst ensuring value for money?

Q6 comments:

7. What level of performance bond and/or parent company guarantees are appropriate?

Q7 comments:

8.	What sanctions should be used to ensure the franchisee fulfils its franchise commitments?					
Q8	comments:					
	hieving reliability, performance and service quality Under the franchise, should we incentivise good performance or only penalise poor performance?					
Q9	Q9 comments:					
10	Should the performance regime be aligned with actual routes or service groups, or should there be one system for the whole of Scotland?					
Q1	0 comments:					
11	.How can we make the performance regime more aligned with passenger issues?					
Q1	1 comments:					
12	.What should the balance be between journey times and performance?					
Q1	2 comments:					
13	Is a Service Quality Incentive Regime required? And if so should it cover all aspects of stations and service delivery, or just those being managed through the franchise?					
Q1	3 comments:					
14	.What other mechanisms could be used for assessing train and station quality?					
Q1	4 comments:					
Sc	ottish train services					
15	Can better use be made of existing train capacity, such as increasing the permitted standing time beyond the limit of 10 minutes or increasing the capacity limit? What is an acceptable limit for standing times on rail services?					
Q1	5 comments:					
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16. Should the number of services making use of interchange stations (both rail to rail and rail to other modes) be increased to reduce the number of direct services? What would be the opportunities and challenges of this? Q16 comments: 17. Should Government direct aspects of service provision such as frequency and journey time, or would these be better determined by the franchisee based on customer demand? Q17 comments: 18. What level of contract specification should we use the for the next ScotRail franchise? Q18 comments: 19. How should the contract incentivise the franchisee to be innovative in the provision of services? Q19 comments: Scottish rail fares 20. What should be the rationale for, and purpose of, our fares policy? Q20 comments: 21. What fares should be regulated by government and what should be set on a commercial basis? Do your recommendations change by geographic area (the Strathclyde area example), or by type of journey (for example suburban or intercity)? Q21 comments: 22. How should we achieve a balance between the taxpayer subsidy and passenger revenue contributions in funding the Scottish rail network? At what rate should fares be increased, and how feasible would it be to apply

23. What should the difference be between peak and off-peak fares? Will this help encourage people to switch to travelling in the off-peak?

higher increases to Sections of the network which have recently been

enhanced?

Q22 comments:

Q23 comments: Whoever can avoid peak time will do so in order to get a seat.

Scottish stations

24. How should we determine what rail stations are required and where, including whether a station should be closed?

Q24 comments:

25. What are the merits or issues that arise from a third party (such as a local authority or local business) being able to propose, promote and fund a station or service?

Q25 comments:

26. Should only one organisation be responsible for the management and maintenance of stations? If this was the franchisee how should that responsibility be structured in terms of leasing, investment, and issues relating to residual capital value?

Q26 comments:

27. How can local communities be encouraged to support their local station?

Q27 comments:

28. What categories of station should be designated and what facilities should be available at each category of station?

Q28 comments:

Cross-border services

29. Should cross-border services continue to go north of Edinburgh? In operating alongside ScotRail services, how do cross-border services benefit passengers and taxpayers? And who should specify these services, the Department of Transport or the Scottish Ministers?

Q29 comments: These days, travelling time in a train is often working time, especially with good Internet access. Being able to get on the train, say, in Aberdeen or Inverness, and arrive in London without changing is a major advantage a train journey has over air travel. That should not be thrown away lightly. Whenever I wanted to attract a conference to St Andrews, the direct connection between London and Leuchars was an important argument in favour.

30. Or should the cross-border services terminate at Edinburgh Waverley, allowing opportunities for Scottish connections? And if so, what additional benefits would accrue from having an Edinburgh Hub?

Q30 comments: Edinburgh Waverley is a bottleneck, not a hub - there is no room for expansion at Waverley station. Already, sometimes several trains depart from the same platform and some of the platforms are difficult to find. There is no need to decant more passengers from all the London etc trains and add them to the crowds already waiting in front of the notice board.

Rolling stock

31. What alternative strategies or mechanisms could be used to reduce the cost of the provision of rolling stock?

Q31 comments: Rolling stock is worth investing in. If this is not a viable option for a franchisee it is time to nationalise the railways. Franchisees could also try and order rolling stock jointly.

32. What facilities should be present on a train and to what extent should these facilities vary according to the route served?

Q32 comments:

Passengers - information, security and services

33. How should we prioritise investment for mobile phone provision and / or Wi-Fi type high-bandwidth services?

Q33 comments:Broadband Wi-Fi first, mobile phone near stations

34. How should we balance the need for additional seating capacity and retain the flexibility of a franchisee to offer first-class services if commercially viable?

Q34 comments:

35. What issues and evidence should be considered prior to determining whether or not to ban the consumption of alcohol on trains?

Q35 comments:

36. How can the provision of travel information for passengers be further improved?

Q36 comments:

Caledonian Sleeper

37. Should we continue to specify sleeper services, or should this be a purely commercial matter for a train operating company?

Q37 comments:

38. Should the Caledonian Sleeper services be contracted for separately from the main ScotRail franchise? Or should it be an option for within the main ScotRail franchise?

Q38 comments: I think it would be better as part of the ScotRail franchise, as revenues from profitable Central Belt service could be used to subsidise the sleeper service and make it more affordable.

- 39. We would be interested in your views in the level and type of service that the Caledonian Sleeper Services should provide. Including:
 - What is the appeal of the Caledonian Sleeper Service, and if there
 were more early and late trains would the appeal of the sleeper
 services change?
 - What is the value of sleeper services to Fort William, Inverness and Aberdeen and are these the correct destinations, for example would Oban provide better connectivity?
 - What facilities should the sleeper services provide and would you pay more for better facilities?

Q39 comments: There should be a cheaper couchette option, not only sleepers.

Environmental issues

40. What environmental key performance indicators should we consider for inclusion in the franchise agreement or the High Level Output Specification?

Q40 comments:			